AFP: A new LHC detector made in Barcelona

I. López Paz







Astonishingly Fast Project (AFP) ATLAS Forward Protons (AFP)



AFP 3D silicon detectors

Column-like electrodes

- Inter-electrode distance (~67 μ m) de-coupled from detector thickness (230 μ m)
- Lower voltage for full efficiency (<10 V) before irradiation
- Shorter drift distance -> Low trapping probability -> Radiation hard

2nd use of 3D detectors in HEP

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- First use in ATLAS Insertable B-Layer (IBL, 2014)
- Profit from previous experience with IBL sensors (FE-I4) IFAE was the 3D detector expert in IBL





Characterize slim-edged 3D sensors with FE-I4 chip for AFP in testbeams



Test-beam characterization for AFP (2012-2014)

Radiation hardness

- High efficiency after non-uniform irradiation
- Slim-edge efficiency
- Slim-edged sensors down to ~180 μ m

CNM-S5-R7

edge extension

remaining insensitive edge

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- Efficient up to the last active pixel
- Measured position resolution
 - $6 \,\mu m$ resolution per plane

0.9

0.8

0.7

0.6

0.4

0.3

0.2

S. Grinstein et al, NIMA 730 28-32 (2013)

J. Lange et al, JINST 10 C03031 (2015) I. Lopez et al, IEEE ANIMA2015 Conf. Proc.



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Tracker and ToF integration test-beam<u>S</u> (2014-2016)

TRACKING: 5 FE-I4 3D Pixel Detectors

IBL style (by CNM/FBK), IBL spares (not best quality)



Trigger: Pixel Plane Coincidence

• Logic by HitBus chip developed for ATLAS-DBM



Tracker: 4+1 3D FEI4 pixels → trigger: 0 & 3 & 4 Timing: Quartic 4 trains of 2 LQbars

Quartz+SiPM fast timing reference (not for final AFP detector)



Strong participation of IFAE:

- Testbeam experts
- Tracker experts
- Testbeam coord. (J. Lange)

Successful integration test beam -> AFP approved for installation (Summer 2015)

Presented in ATLAS weekly (J. Lange) https://indico.cern.ch/event/286492/

ATL-COM-UPGRADE-2015-010 Submitted to JINST

I. López IFAE Pizza Seminar 27th of July 2016

READOUT: **RCE**



<u>TIMING</u>: 4 rows of trains of 2 LQbars • Oriented at Cherenkov angle of 48°

6 mm 6 mm

3 mm Train 1 5 mm Train 2 5 mm Train 3 5 mm Train 4



Signal chain

- \rightarrow 4x4-pixel MCP-PMT
- \rightarrow PreAmp
- → Constant Fraction Discriminators (CFD)
- → High-Precision Timeto-Digital (HPTDC)



BIST Bacelong Institute of Science and Technology

AFP tracker module production: Overview



Full module production at IFAE



AFP tracker module production: Overview



Full module production at IFAE



AFP tracker module production: Overview



Sensor Production

- First CNM production (January 2015) for AFP had low yield:
 - 40 sensors produced in total (5 wafers)
 - 5 broken sensors

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- 19+7 bad-medium quality IV: $V_{BD} < 20 \text{ V}$
- 9 good quality IV: $V_{BD} > 20 V$

Sufficient for first installation (YETS 2015-2016)



Production	Wafer	Good	Sensor	Good
run	Yield	Wafers	Yield	Sensors
AFP 1	38 %	5	23 %	9



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- 19+7 bad-medium quality IV: V_{BD} < 20 V
- 9 good quality IV: $V_{BD} > 20 V$

Sufficient for first installation (one ATLAS side)

- Second CNM production (April 2016):
 - 80 sensors produced in total (10 wafers)
 - 5 bad quality: V_{BD} < 20 V
 - 75 good quality: V_{BD} > 20 V

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 V_{bd} [V]

Production run	Wafer Yield	Good Wafers	Sensor Yield	Good Sensors
AFP 1	38 %	5	23 %	9
AFP 2	83 %	10	94 %	75



Side-walls damage reduced of columns



Bare Assembly and Tracker Module Production

- Bare Assembly: Sensor flip-chipped to FE-I4 chip
- Select sensor based on IV behavior at "wafer" level to be flip-chipped
- **Tracker Module:** Bare Assembly + carrier card + Flex
- Bare Assembly is glued onto the carrier card with alignment marks
- Flex also glued onto carrier card
- Chip is wire-bonded to Flex

Production StepTotalGoodYieldBump Bonding222195 %Assembly1717100 %

Note: includes modules produced after installation

Bump-bonding and Assembly at IFAE (Mokhtar, Jorge G. Eric P.)



Carrier card



Flex



Pick and Place machine



Wire-bond machine



Tracker module



Tracker Module Quality Assurance

At IFAE-Barcelona

- Alignment measurement with X-ray microscope
- Module testing
 - First tuning and tests with radioactive source to look for disconnected pixels

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Modules are sent to CERN







Silicon tracker installation (AFP0+2)

By December 2015 the installation of the silicon tracker on one side of ATLAS was foreseen for summer 2016

Still, were **able to produce 7 working modules ahead of time for installation** (26th of February 2016)



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Silicon tracker installation (AFP0+2)

By December 2015 the installation of the silicon tracker on one side of ATLAS was foreseen for summer 2016

- Still, were **able to produce 7 working modules ahead of time for installation** (26th of February 2016)
 - 4 (3) modules in C side FAR (NEAR) station
 - Short in HV line of one FAR station module prevents it from being biased
 - Still usable at 0 V: just with lower efficiency



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Read-out and trigger chain (AFP0+2)



All Trigger and Data Acquisition (TDAQ) components also installed



Read-out and trigger chain (AFP0+2)



All Trigger and Data Acquisition (TDAQ) components also installed



AFP0+2 running: First insertion & intensity ramp-up (part 1)

Date	Fills with AFP inserted	TDAQ Mode
19-22 April	Alignment and Loss Maps	AFP only
23 April	3 bunches	AFP only
24-25 April	12 bunches	AFP only



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Borcelong Institute of Science and Technology

IFAE Internal Newsletter #30

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Wednesday, 27th of April 2016

AFP commissioning work at CERN: hit map of the first data taking in the beam

The AFP detector was recently installed in the LHC beam line. The sensors installed inside the Roman Pots were produced at CNM-Barcelona and assembled and qualified at IFAE. The 18th of April, the AFP detector was inserted into the LHC beam for the first time, during its beam-based alignment and loss maps tests. I. Lopez and J. Lange are leading the AFP commissioning work at CERN.



First time AFP was inserted in beam position

LHC needs AFP to be inserted for validation during the intensity ramp-up after YETS

AFP0+2 running: Weasel break and integration

Date	Fills with AFP inserted	TDAQ Mode
19-22 April	Alignment and Loss Maps	AFP only
23 April	3 bunches	AFP only
24-25 April	12 bunches	AFP only
29 April – 5 May	LHC power cut -> TDAQ in	tegration

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AFP0+2 running: Intensity ramp-up (part 2)



AFP0+2 running: Low pile-up physics run

Date	Fills with AFP inserted	TDAQ Mode	
19-22 April	Alignment and Loss Maps	AFP only	Now the physics
23 April	3 bunches	AFP only	
24-25 April	12 bunches	AFP only	
29 April – 5 May	LHC power cut -> TDAQ in	ntegration	
7 May	49/86 bunches	with ATLAS	Carter and the second s
9 May	300 bunches	with ATLAS	
13 May	600 bunches	with ATLAS	
31 July	600 b. low-µ physics run	with ATLAS	V.

Without Time-of-Flight can't cope with pile-up -> beam separation to reduce pile-up -> AFP's special run at low pile-up coming the 31st of July for physics



Conclusions and Outlook

Conclusions

- 3D FE-I4 sensors were proven to be suitable for AFP:
 - Radiation hardness, small inactive area and good position resolution
- Successful integration test beams with Time-of-Flight detector
- 7 silicon tracker planes were successfully assembled, qualified and installed in AFP0+2 Roman Pots (in a very short time-scale!)
- AFP has been successfully integrated with ATLAS TDAQ and took data during LHC's intensity ramp-up

IFAE crucial for tracker production, beam test coordination, operation and TDAQ integration

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Outlook

- New silicon tracker production on-going -> Better quality than first production
- Plan to replace installed modules with new production sensors during EYETS 2016-2017 and install the second AFP arm (AFP2+2)

Low pile-up for physics run scheduled for this Sunday Plan to have a first look at the data





Distance from sensor edge, y [mm]

Distance from sensor edge, x [mm]





